## Publication Practices (UMDNJ Office of Academic Affairs)

## V. Publication Practices

Consistent with journal editorial policy, each publication should contain the information needed for the replication of the research by scientific peers, and for the assessment of the results and conclusions by knowledgeable readers.

Publications should make significant and complete contributions to the literature. Research results should be assembled into coherent logical units containing full development of a topic or the entire breadth of a study. Division of research into incomplete fragments in order to produce greater numbers of publications ("salami" publication) should be eschewed.

All material, including ideas, concepts, methods and text, drawn from earlier work by the authors or by others should be properly cited. Related research from other laboratories should be fairly acknowledged. The source of funding of the research should be identified in the publication. Situations which may represent or be perceived as a conflict of interest, and financial involvements by one or more authors with the research, its sponsors or its results should be clearly stated in publications.

A duplicative or redundant manuscript or paper reporting original research (new research findings) is one that overlaps substantially with another manuscript already submitted, accepted for publication or published elsewhere, in print or in electronic media. This practice violates international copyright laws, wastes resources and may be misleading; it is therefore counterproductive and improper. In addition, repeated publication of original research without proper citation of the previous. publication is a type of self-plagiarism. Except in specific circumstances (such as a complete report following publication of a preliminary report, presentation of an abstract or display of a poster; secondary publication in another language in another country with approval of both editors and with reference to the first paper; or a review article, book chapter or presentation citing previously published data), investigators should avoid redundant submission and publication of their research.

Retractions or corrections of published research should be made promptly when necessary.

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